

# **SERVICE MANUAL**

Product Type: MICRO COMPONENT

Chassis: 6720AA0008A Manual Series: LX-140

Manual Part #: 3829RAT110F

Model Line: E

Product Year: 2004

#### Model Series:

LX-140

#### **CONTENTS**

SECTION 1. GENERAL	····· 1 <b>-</b> 2
SECTION 2. ELECTRICAL	2-1
SECTION 3. EXPLODED VIEWS	3-1
SECTION 4. SPEAKER PART	4-1
SECTION 5. REPLACEMENT LIST	5-1

Published FEBRUARY 2004 LG Electronics Alabama, Inc. 201 James Record Road Huntsville, Alabama 35824-1513

# [CONTENTS] —

O SECTION 1. GENERAL
• SERVICING PRECAUTIONS
• ESD PRECAUTIONS
• SPECIFICATION
O SECTION 2. ELECTRICAL
• ADJUSTMENTS
• TROUBLESHOOTING
• WAVEFORMS OF MAJOR CHECK POINT
• BLOCK DIAGRAM
• SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS
• WIREING DIAGRAM
• PRINTED CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS2-32
• INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM OF ICs
O SECTION 3. EXPLODED VIEWS
• CABINET AND MAIN FRAME SECTION
O SECTION 4. SPEAKER
• SPEAKER PART
O SECTION 5. REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST
• REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST

# **SECTION 1. GENERAL**

# **□ SERVICING PRECAUTIONS**

#### NOTES REGARDING HANDLING OF THE PICK-UP

#### 1. Notes for transport and storage

- 1) The pick-up should always be left in its conductive bag until immediately prior to use.
- 2) The pick-up should never be subjected to external pressure or impact.

Storage in conductive bag





Drop impact

#### 2. Repair notes

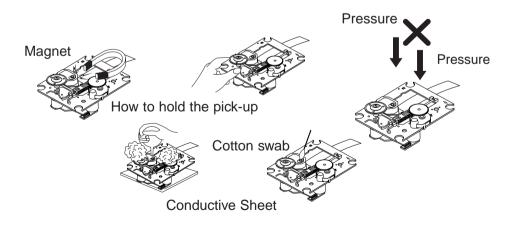
- 1) The pick-up incorporates a strong magnet, and so should never be brought close to magnetic materials.
- 2) The pick-up should always be handled correctly and carefully, taking care to avoid external pressure and impact. If it is subjected to strong pressure or impact, the result may be an operational malfunction and/or damage to the printed-circuit board.
- 3) Each and every pick-up is already individually adjusted to a high degree of precision, and for that reason the adjustment point and installation screws should absolutely never be touched.
- 4) Laser beams may damage the eyes! Absolutely never permit laser beams to enter the eyes! Also NEVER switch ON the power to the laser output part (lens, etc.) of the pick-up if it is damaged.



NEVER look directly at the laser beam, and don't let contact fingers or other exposed skin.

#### 5) Cleaning the lens surface

If there is dust on the lens surface, the dust should be cleaned away by using an air bush (such as used for camera lens). The lens is held by a delicate spring. When cleaning the lens surface, therefore, a cotton swab should be used, taking care not to distort this.



6) Never attempt to disassemble the pick-up.

Spring by excess pressure. If the lens is extremely dirty, apply isopropyl alcohol to the cotton swab. (Do not use any other liquid cleaners, because they will damage the lens.) Take care not to use too much of this alcohol on the swab, and do not allow the alcohol to get inside the pick-up.

#### NOTES REGARDING COMPACT DISC PLAYER REPAIRS

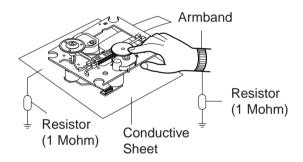
#### 1. Preparations

- 1) Compact disc players incorporate a great many ICs as well as the pick-up (laser diode). These components are sensitive to, and easily affected by, static electricity. If such static electricity is high voltage, components can be damaged, and for that reason components should be handled with care.
- 2) The pick-up is composed of many optical components and other high-precision components. Care must be taken, therefore, to avoid repair or storage where the temperature of humidity is high, where strong magnetism is present, or where there is excessive dust.

#### 2. Notes for repair

- 1) Before replacing a component part, first disconnect the power supply lead wire from the unit
- 2) All equipment, measuring instruments and tools must be grounded.
- 3) The workbench should be covered with a conductive sheet and grounded.

  When removing the laser pick-up from its conductive bag, do not place the pick-up on the bag. (This is because there is the possibility of damage by static electricity.)
- 4) To prevent AC leakage, the metal part of the soldering iron should be grounded.
- 5) Workers should be grounded by an armband (1M  $\Omega$ )
- 6) Care should be taken not to permit the laser pick-up to come in contact with clothing, in order to prevent static electricity changes in the clothing to escape from the armband.
- 7) The laser beam from the pick-up should NEVER be directly facing the eyes or bare skin.



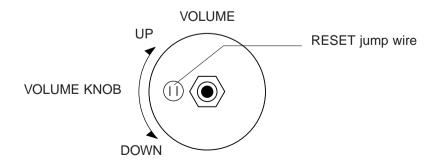
#### **CLEARING MALFUNCTION**

You can reset your unit to initial status if malfunction occur(button malfunction, display, etc.). Using a pointed good conductor(such as driver), simply short the RESET jump wire on the inside of the volume knob for more than 3 seconds.

If you reset your unit, you must reenter all its settings(stations, clock, timer)

**NOTE:** 1. To operate the RESET jump wire, pull the volume rotary knob and release it.

2. If you wish to operate the RESET jump wire, it is necessary to unplug the power cord.



### □ ESD PRECAUTIONS

### **Electrostatically Sensitive Devices (ESD)**

Some semiconductor (solid state) devices can be damaged easily by static electricity. Such components commonly are called Electrostatically Sensitive Devices (ESD). Examples of typical ESD devices are integrated circuits and some field-effect transistors and semiconductor chip components. The following techniques should be used to help reduce the incidence of component damage caused by static electricity.

- 1. Immediately before handling any semiconductor component or semiconductor-equipped assembly, drain off any electrostatic charge on your body by touching a known earth ground. Alternatively, obtain and wear a commercially available discharging wrist strap device, which should be removed for potential shock reasons prior to applying power to the unit under test.
- 2. After removing an electrical assembly equipped with ESD devices, place the assembly on a conductive surface such as aluminum foil, to prevent electrostatic charge buildup or exposure of the assembly.
- 3. Use only a grounded-tip soldering iron to solder or unsolder ESD devices.
- 4. Use only an anti-static solder removal device. Some solder removal devices not classified as "anti-static" can generate electrical charges sufficient to damage ESD devices.
- 5. Do not use freon-propelled chemicals. These can generate electrical charges sufficient to damage ESD devices.
- 6. Do not remove a replacement ESD device from its protective package until immediately before you are ready to install it. (Most replacement ESD devices are packaged with leads electrically shorted together by conductive foam, aluminum foil or comparable conductive materials).
- 7. Immediately before removing the protective material from the leads of a replacement ESD device, touch the protective material to the chassis or circuit assembly into which the device will by installed.

# CAUTION: BE SURE NO POWER IS APPLIED TO THE CHASSIS OR CIRCUIT, AND OBSERVE ALL OTHER SAFETY PRECAUTIONS.

8. Minimize bodily motions when handing unpackaged replacement ESD devices. (Otherwise harmless motion such as the brushing together of your clothes fabric or the lifting of your foot from a carpeted floor can generate static electricity sufficient to damage an ESD device).

#### **CAUTION. GRAPHIC SYMBOLS**



THE LIGHTNING FLASH WITH APROWHEAD SYMBOL. WITHIN AN EQUILATERAL TRIANGLE, IS INTENDED TO ALERT THE SERVICE PERSONNEL TO THE PRESENCE OF UNINSULATED "DANGER-OUS VOLTAGE" THAT MAY BE OF SUFFICIENT MAGNITUDE TO CONSTITUTE A RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK.



THE EXCLAMATION POINT WITHIN AN EQUILATERAL TRIANGLE IS INTENDED TO ALERT THE SERVICE PERSONNEL TO THE PRESENCE OF IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION IN SERVICE LITERATURE.

# **□** SPECIFICATIONS

	=	Power supply	Refer to the back panel of the unit.
[General]		Power consumption	20W
		Mass	6.6 lb
		External dimensions (WxHxD)	5.74 X 9.21 X 9.88 inch
[cp]		Frequency response	40 - 18000 Hz
		Signal-to-noise ratio	60 dB
		Dynamic range	60 dB
		Tuning Range	87.5 - 108.0 MHz
	5	Intermediate Frequency	10.7 MHz
_	<b>Z</b>	Signal to Noise Ratio	55/50 dB
[Tuner]		Frequency Response	60 - 10000 Hz
E		Tuning Range	530 - 1720 kHz
	- S	Intermediate Frequency	450 kHz
	AM (MW)	Signal to Noise Ratio	35 dB
	-	Frequency Response	100 - 1800 Hz
		Output Power	5W + 5W
	<u>م</u>	T.H.D	0.5%
	[Amp]	Frequency Response	60 - 20000 Hz
		Signal-to-noise ratio	60 dB
		Tape Speed	4.75cm/sec
		Wow Flutter	0.25% (MTT -111, JIS-WTD)
		F.F/REW Time	120sec (C-60)
	[TAPE]	Frequency Response	250 - 8000Hz
		Signal to Noise Ratio	43dB
		Channel Separation	50dB(P/B)/45dB(R/P)
		Erase Ratio	55dB (MTT-5511)
		Туре	1 Way 1 Speaker
		Impedance	4
[Speakers]	<u>~</u>	Frequency Response	100 - 18000 Hz
	Sound Pressure Level	88 dB/W (1m)	
peal		Rated Input Power	5W
	<u>S</u>	Max. Input Power	10W
		Net Dimensions (WxHxD)	5.74 x 9.21 x 7.16 inch
	=	Net Weight (1EA)	3.0 lb

Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.

# **MEMO**

# **SECTION 2. ELECTRICAL**

# **□** ADJUSTMENTS

This set has been aligned at the factory and normally will not require further adjustment. As a result, it is not recommended that any attempt is made to modificate any circuit. If any parts are replaced or if anyone tampers with the adjustment, realignment may be necessary.

#### **IMPORTANT**

- 1. Check Power-source voltage.
- 2. Set the function switch to band being aligned.
- 3. Turn volume control to minimum unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Connect low side of signal source and output indicator to chassis ground unless otherwise specified.
- 5. Keep the signal input as low as possible to avoid AGC and AC action.

#### TAPE DECK ADJUSTMENT

#### 1. AZIMUTH ADJUSTMENT

Deck Mode	Test Tape	Test Point	Adjustment	Adjust for
Palyback	MTT-114	Speaker Out	DECK Screw Azimuth Screw	Maximum

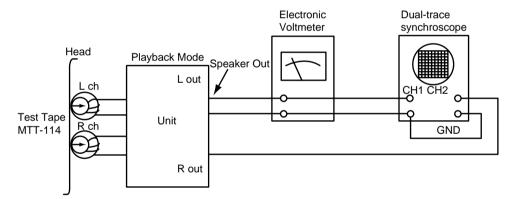


Figure 1. Azimuth Adjustment Connection Diagram

#### 2. TUNER ADJUSTMENT

Item	Test Point	Adjustment	Adjust for
DC Voltage	Check point TP1, TP2	DECK Screw	0V ± 50mV

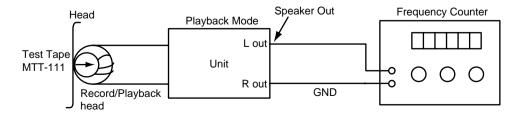
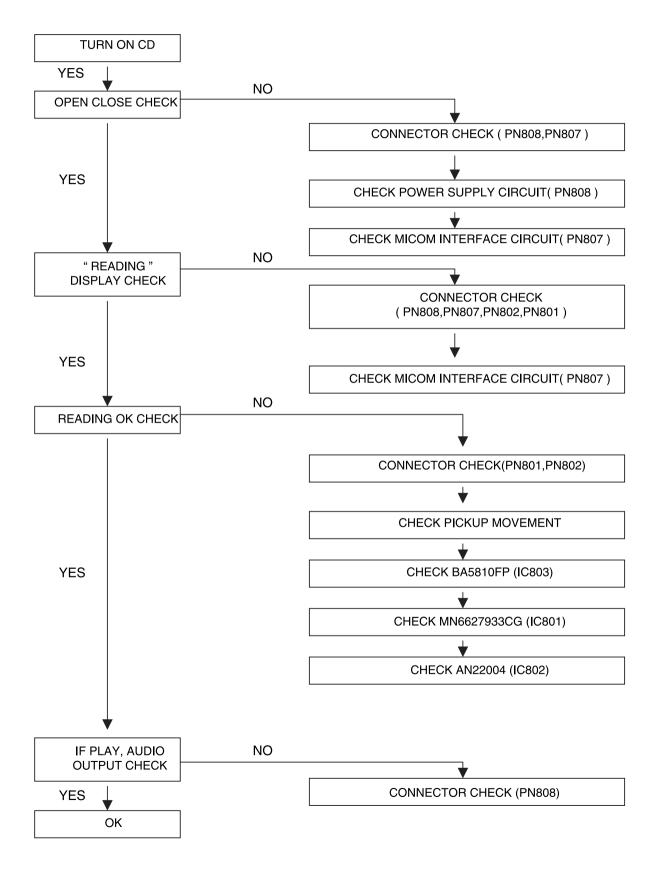


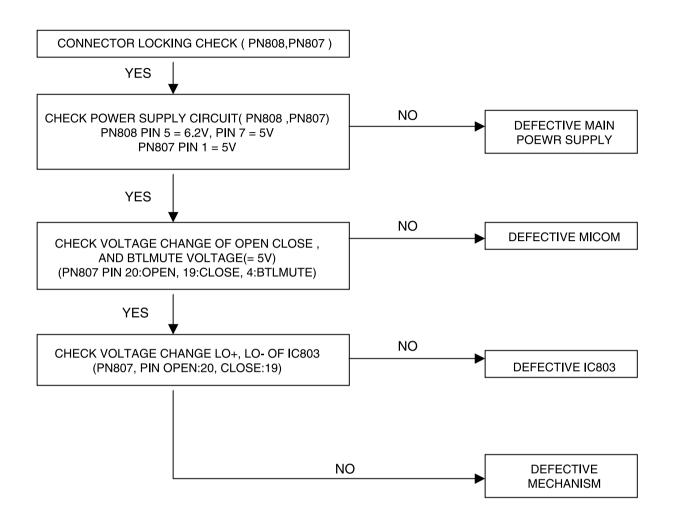
Figure 1. Azimuth Adjustment Connection Diagram

# **☐ TROUBLESHOOTING**

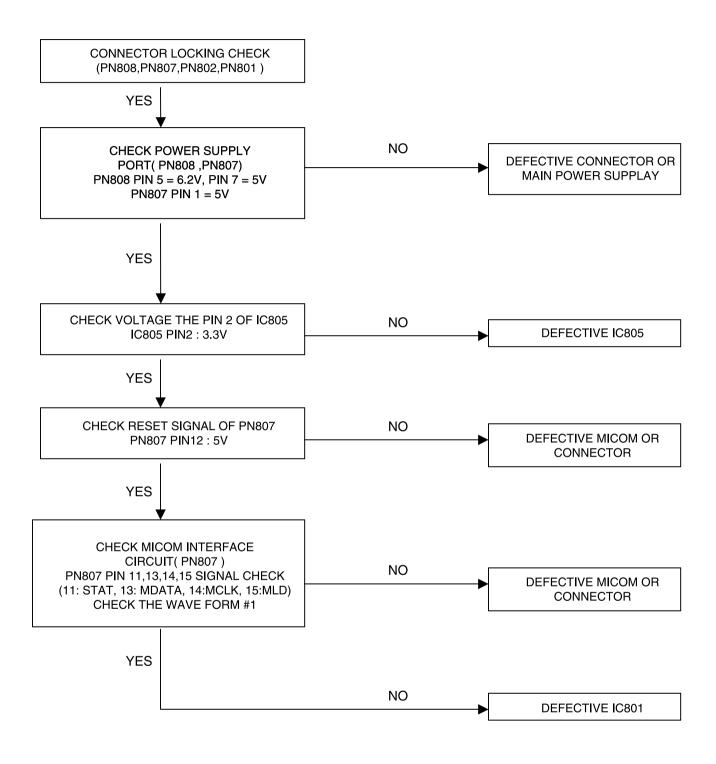
#### • CD PART



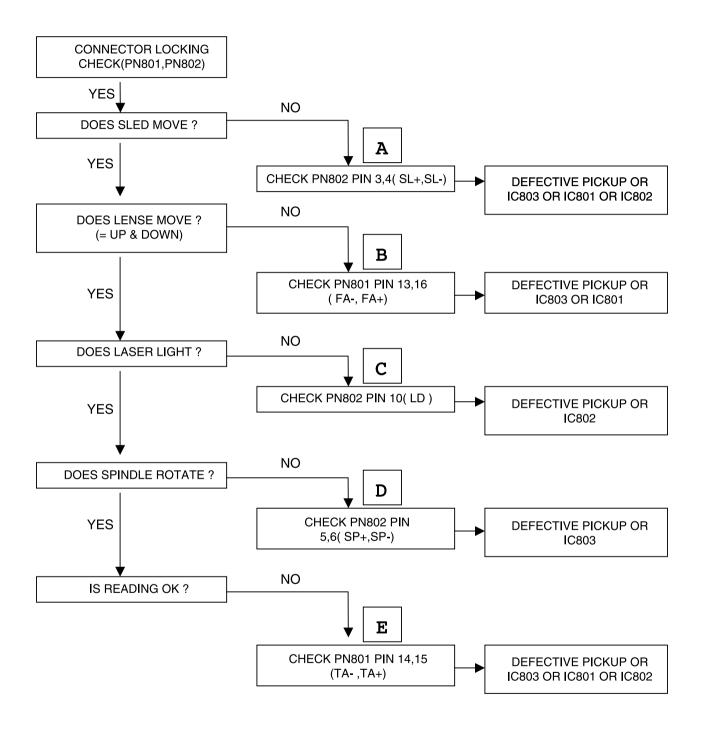
#### • OPEN CLOSE NG



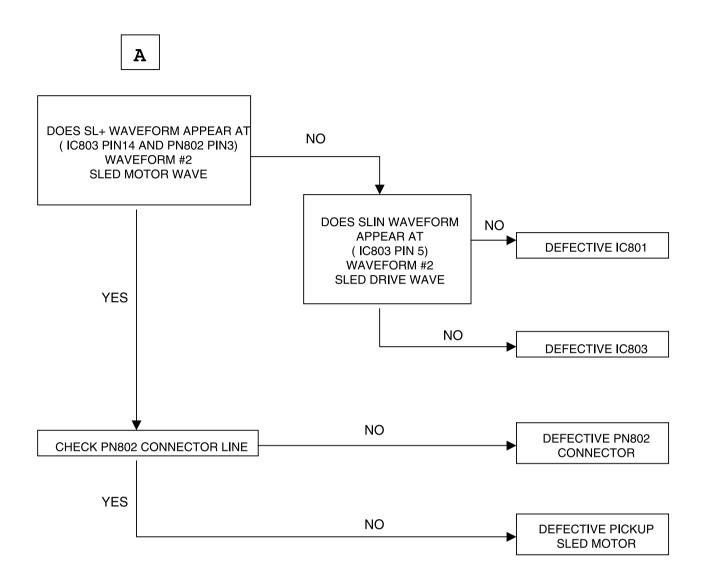
# • " READING " DISPLAY CHECK (= ONLY "CD "DISPLAY)



# • READING OK CHECK (= "NO DISC" DISPLAY)



# • READING OK CHECK #A (= "NO DISC" DISPLAY)



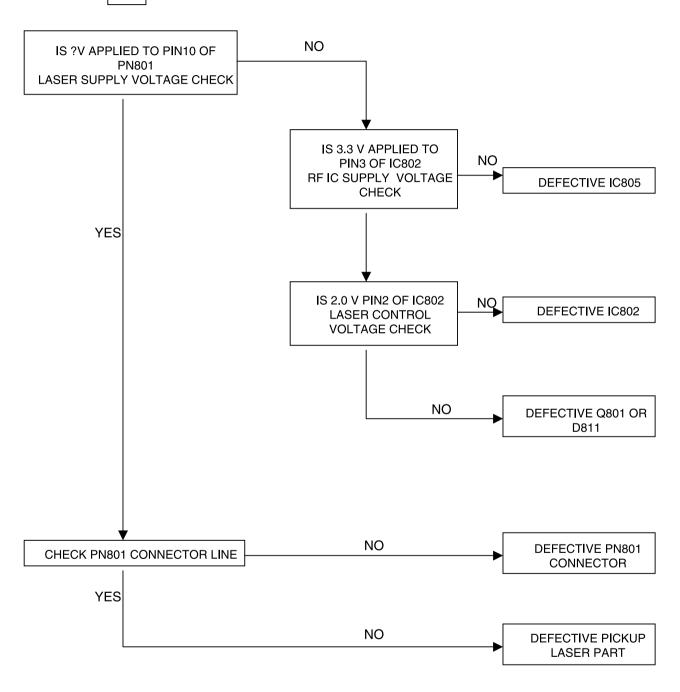
# • READING OK CHECK #B (= "NO DISC" DISPLAY)

В DOES FA+ WAVEFORM APPEAR AT NO (IC803 PIN15 AND PN801 PIN16) WAVEFORM #3 FOCUS COIL DRIVE WAVE DOES FAIN- WAVEFORM NO APPEAR AT **DEFECTIVE IC801** (IC803 PIN 26) WAVEFORM #3 **FOCUS DRIVE WAVE** YES NO **DEFECTIVE IC803** NO **DEFECTIVE PN801 CHECK PN801 CONNECTOR LINE** CONNECTOR YES NO **DEFECTIVE PICKUP** 

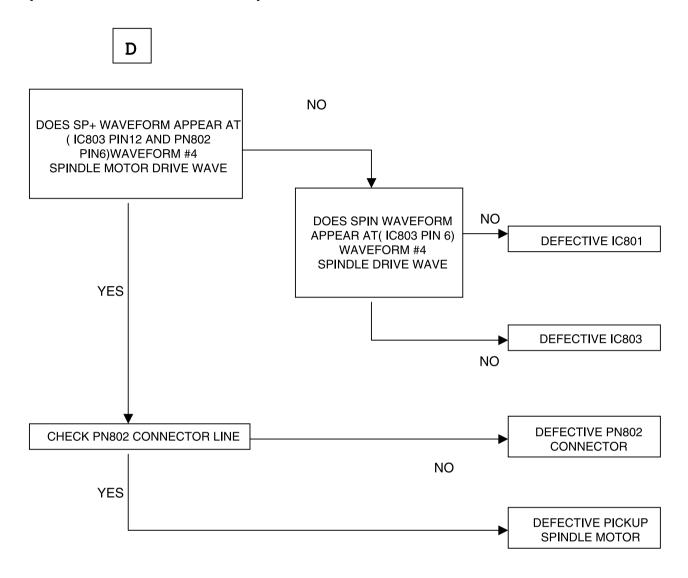
**FOCUS ACTUATOR** 

# READING OK CHECK #C (= "NO DISC" DISPLAY)

С

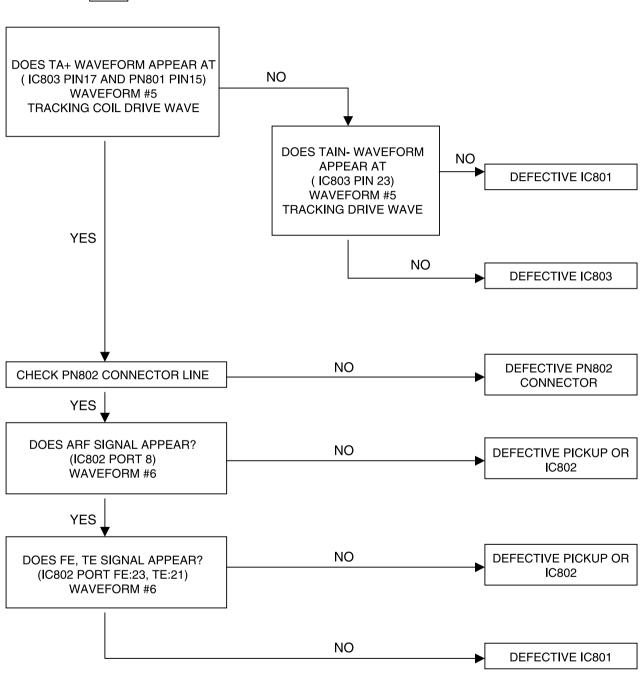


# • READING OK CHECK #D (= "NO DISC" DISPLAY)



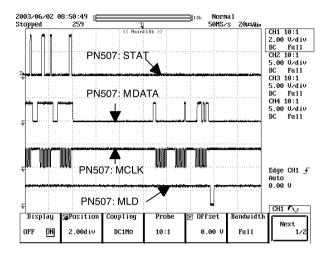
# • READING OK CHECK # E (= "NO DISC" DISPLAY)

E

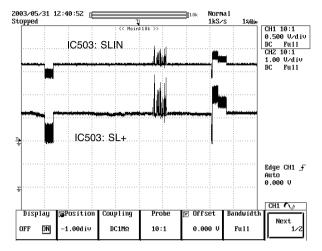


### ☐ WAVEFORMS OF MAKOR CHECK POINT

# #1 . MICOM INTERFACE WAVEFORM (PN507 pin6, 8, 9, 1 0) during normal play



# #2. SLED DRIVE AND MOTOR WAVEFORM (IC503 pin5, 1 4) when focus search

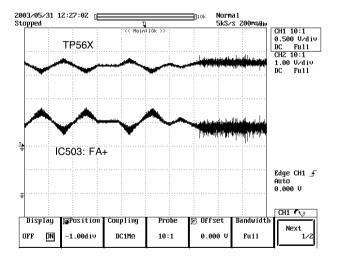


# #3. FOCUS DRIVE AND MOTOR WAVEFORM (TP56 1 , IC503 pin 1 5)

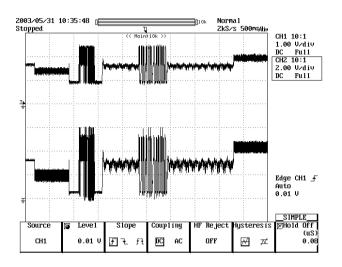
When focus search failed or there is no disc on tray

2003/05/31 12:28:34 Stopped Norma1 Main310k > CH1 10:1 0.500 V/div DC Full CHZ 10:1 TP56X 1.00 V/div DC Full IC503: FA+ Edge CH1 ≠ Auto 0.000 V CH1 🔨 Position Coupling Next OFF DN DC1MΩ 10:1 Fu 11 -1.00d iu 0.000 1/2

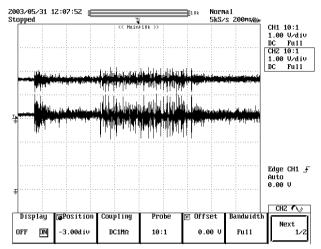
- There is disc on tray and focus search success



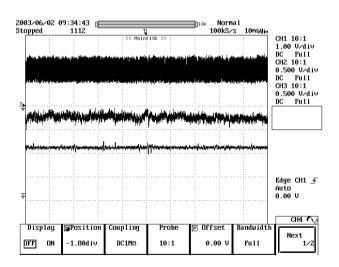
# #4. SPINDLE DRIVE AND MOTOR WAVEFORM (IC503 pin6, 1 2) when TOC reading



#5. TRACK DRIVE AND MOTOR WAVEFORM (TP560, IC503 pin23) during normal play

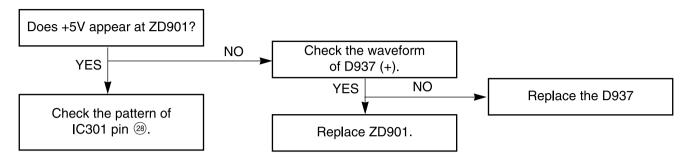


# #6. RF, TRACKING AND FOCUS ERROR WAVEFORM (IC502 pin8, 2 1, 23) during normal play

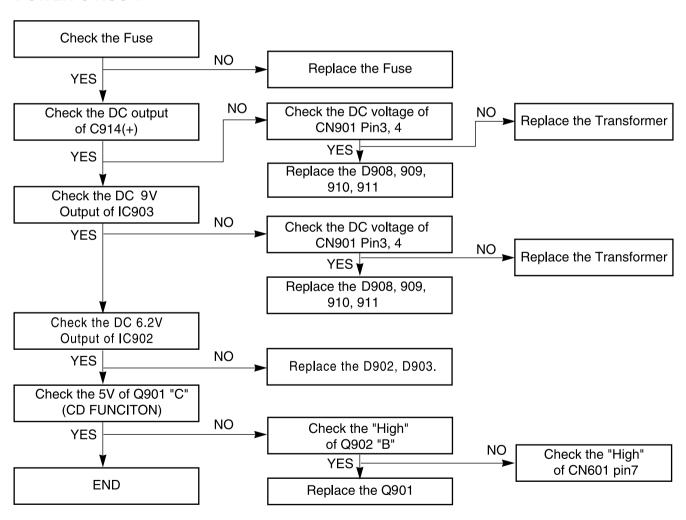


## **□** AUDIO PART

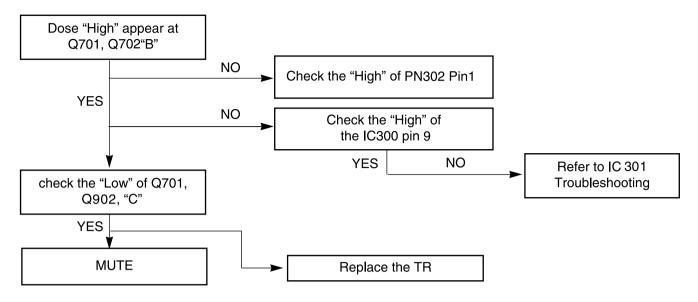
#### **P-SENS PART**



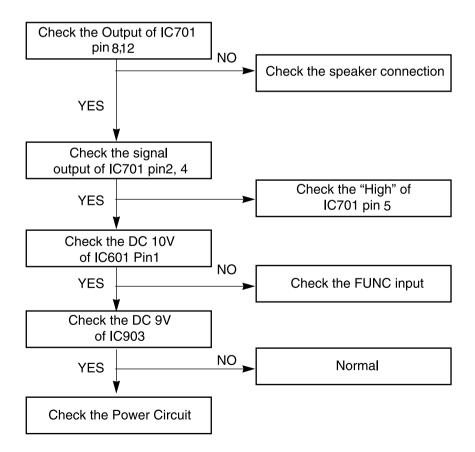
#### **POWER CIRCUIT**



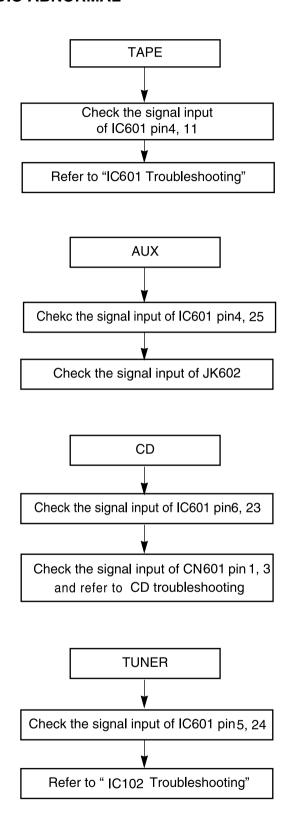
### **MUTING CIRCUIT (MUTE)**



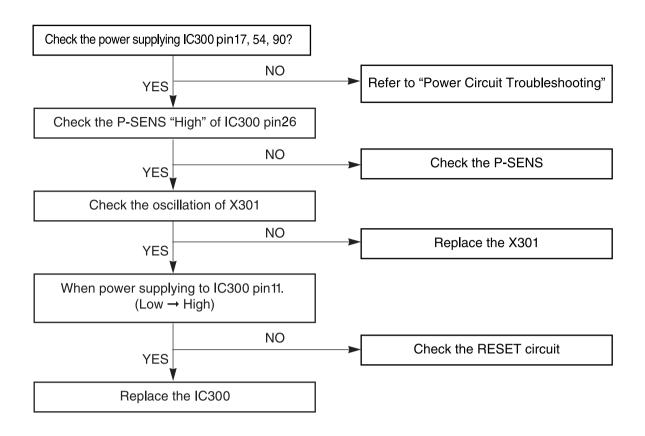
#### **AUDIO ABNORMAL**



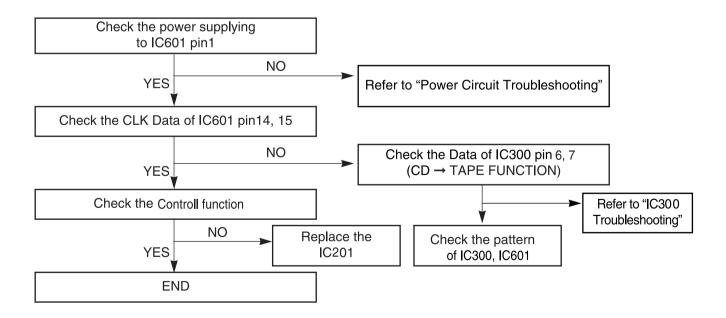
#### **FUNCTION MODE AUDIO ABNORMAL**



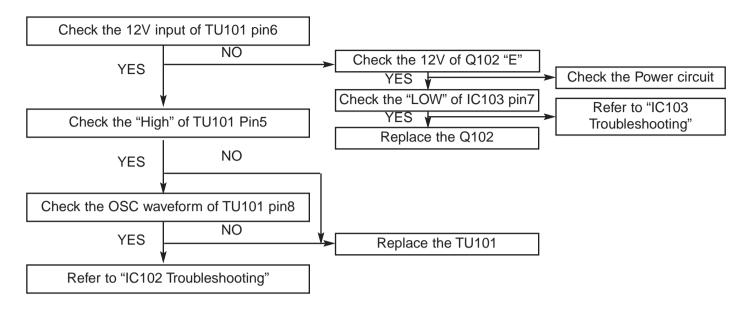
#### **IC301 TROUBLESHOOTING**



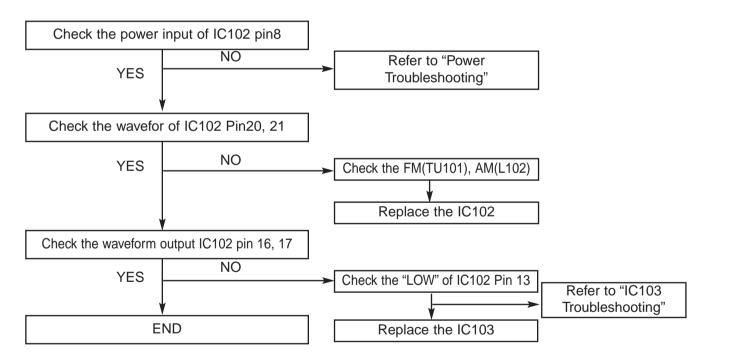
#### **IC601 TROUBLESHOOTING**



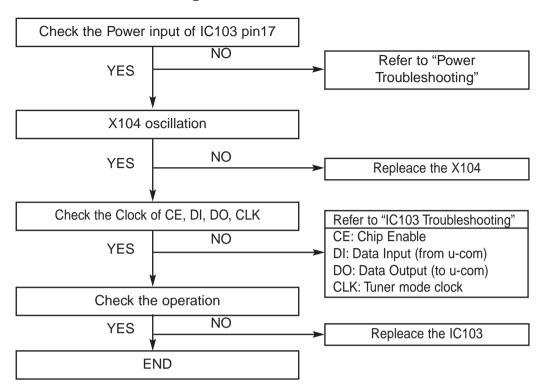
#### FM(TU101) Troubleshooting



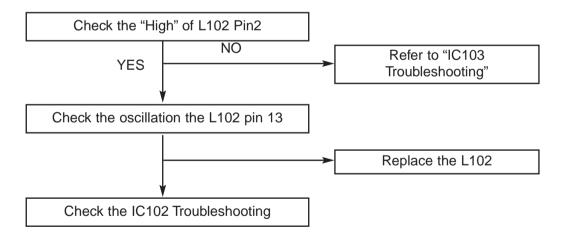
#### **IC102 Troubleshooting**



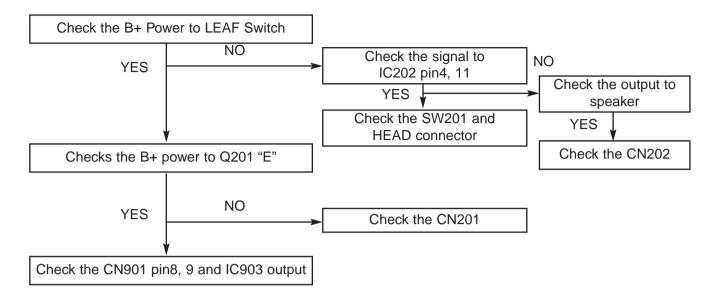
#### **IC103 Troubleshooting**



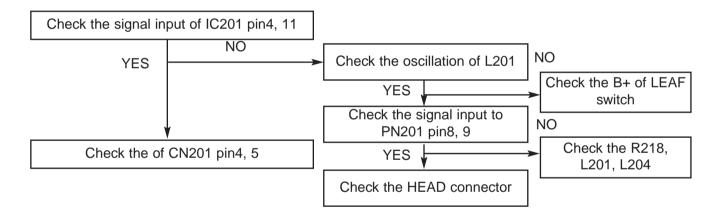
### **AM COIL Troubleshooting**



#### **PLAY**

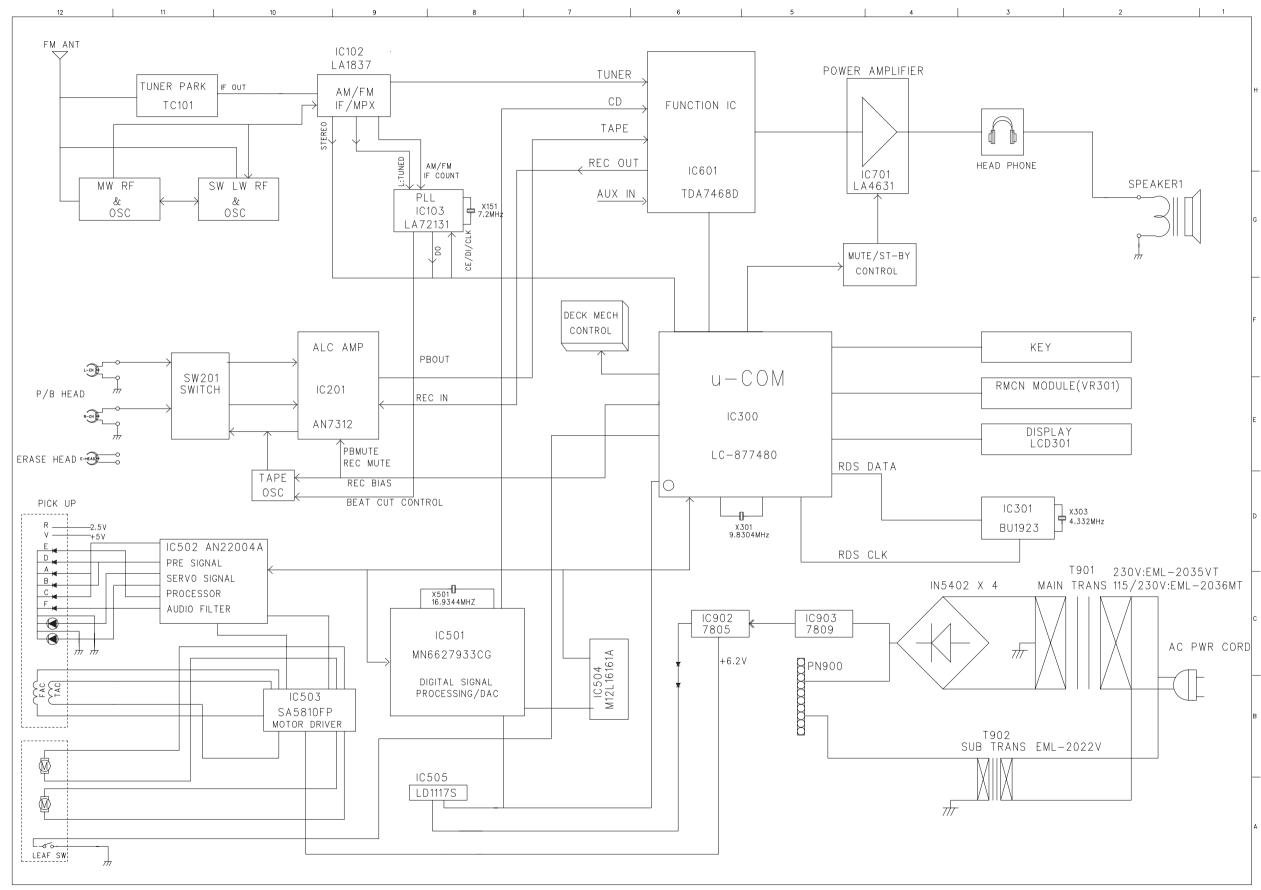


#### **REC**



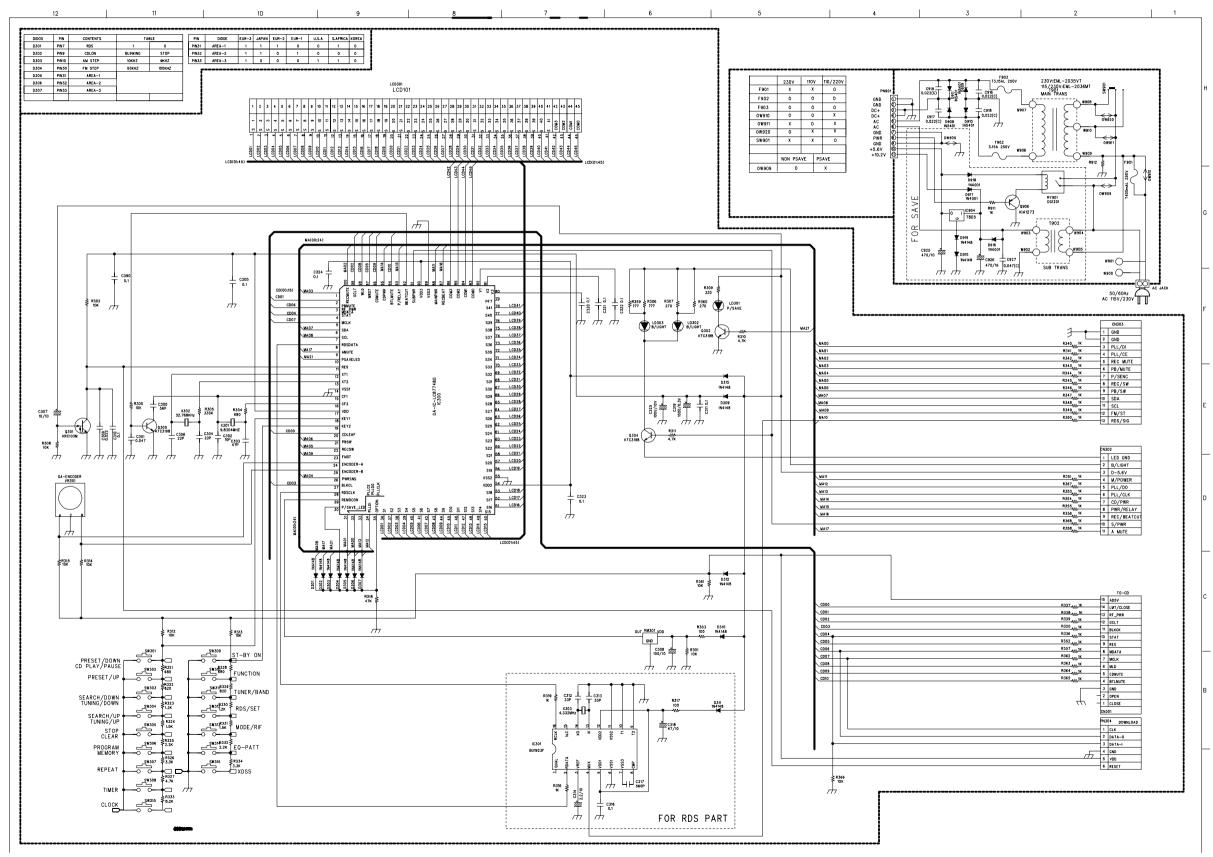
# **MEMO**

# ☐ BLOCK DIAGRAM

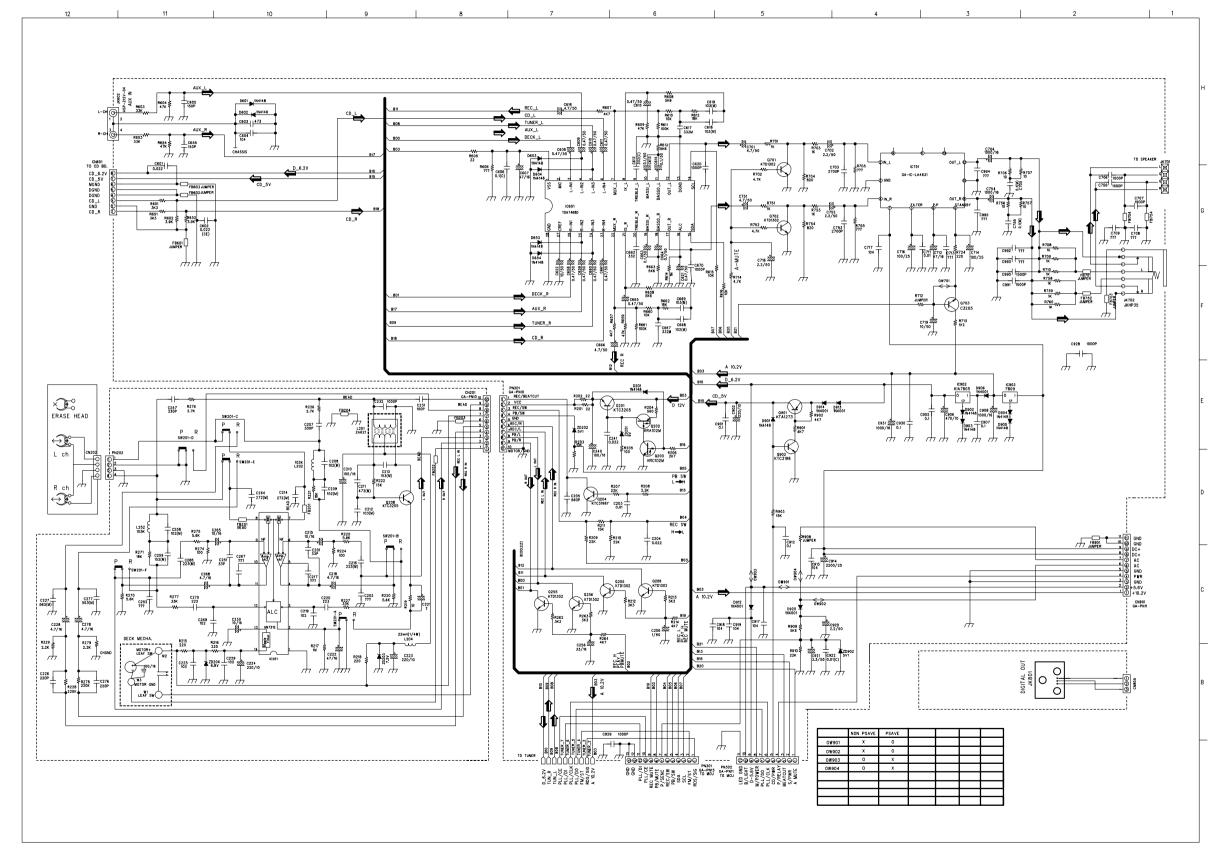


## □ SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS

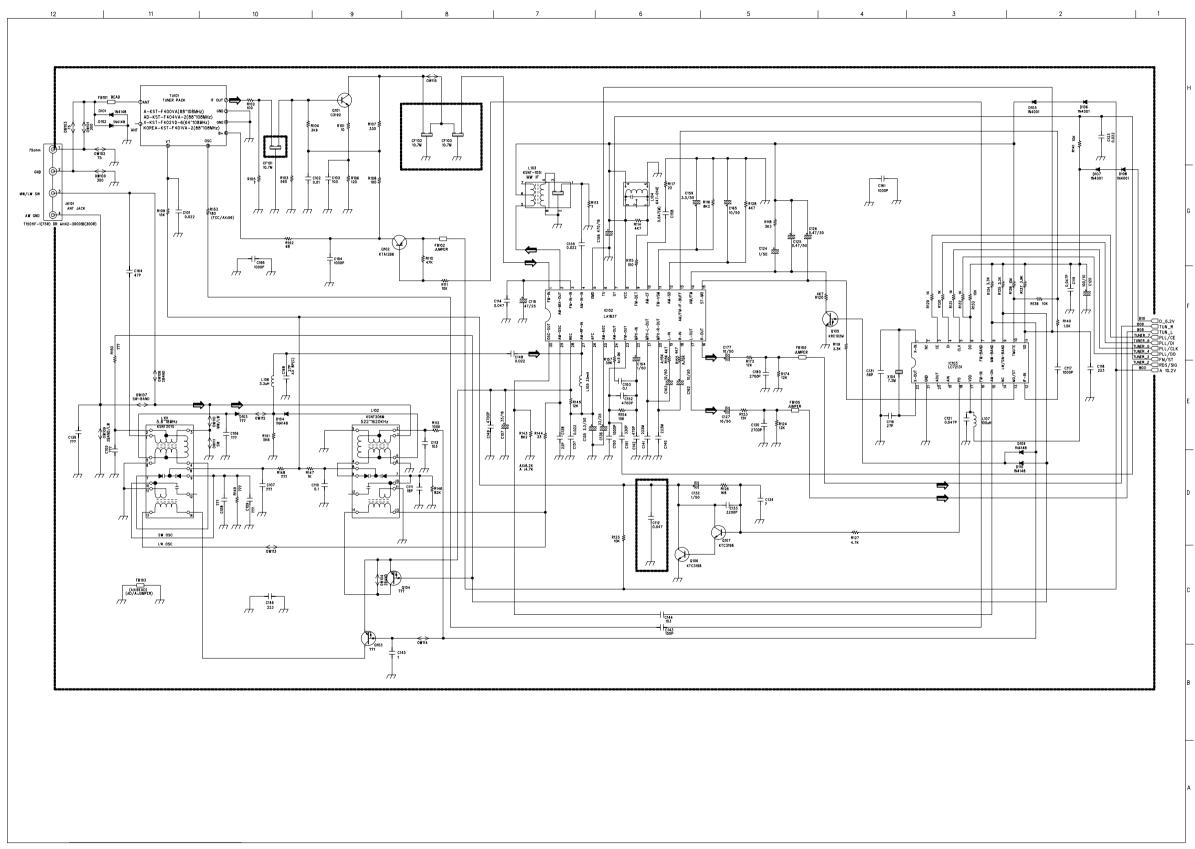
### FRONT/POWER SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



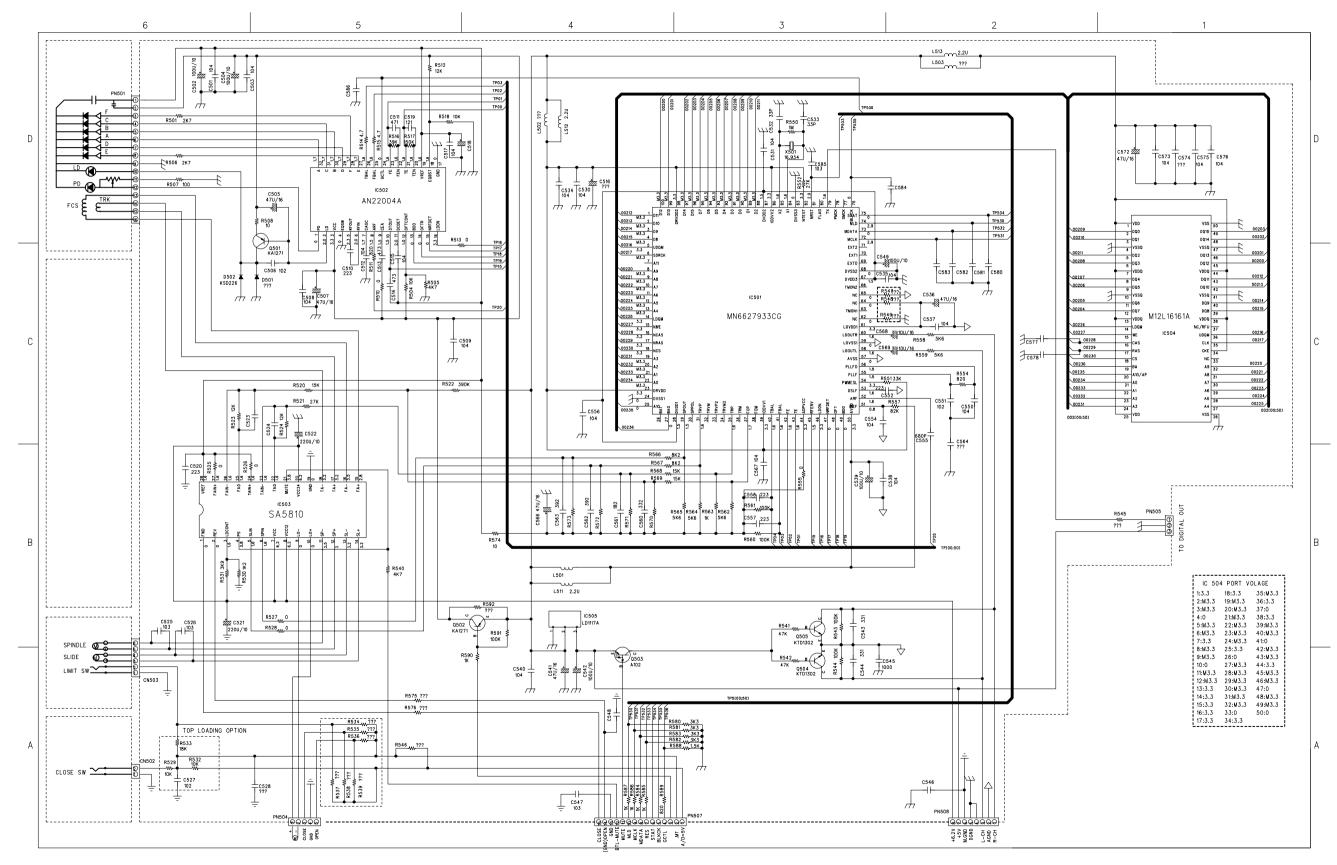
# • MAIN/DECK SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



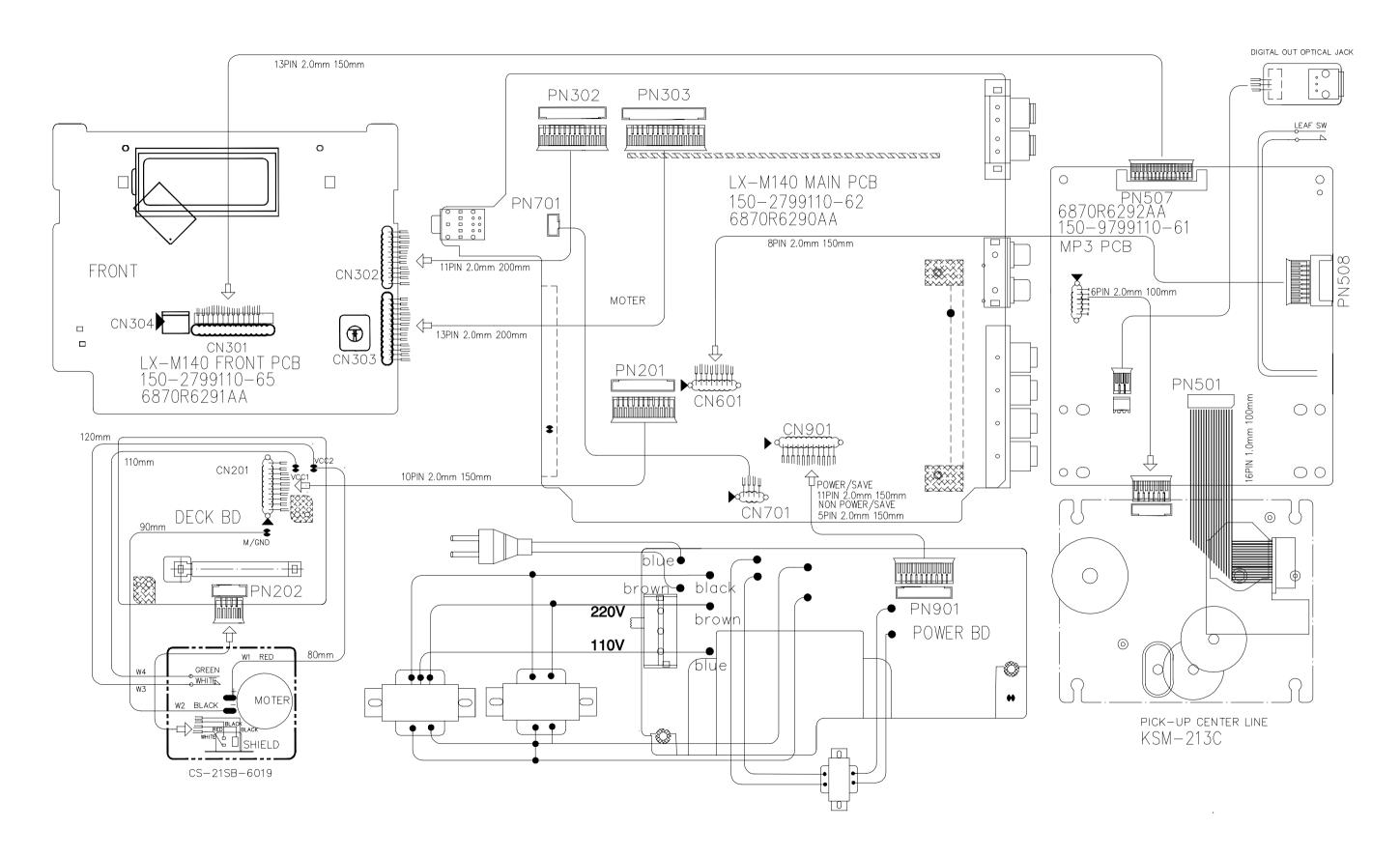
# • TUNER SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



### CDP SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

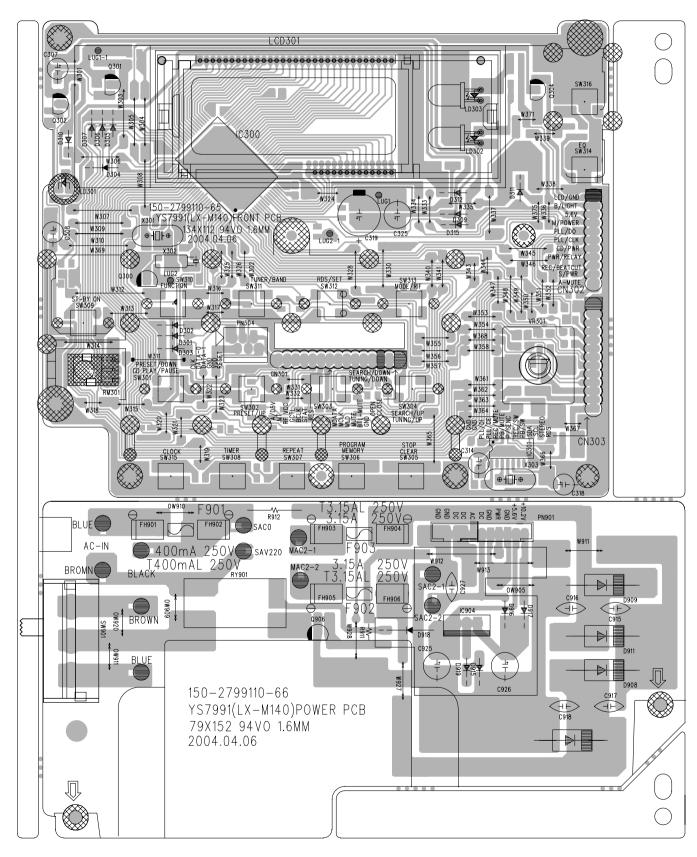


# **□ WIRING DIAGRAM**

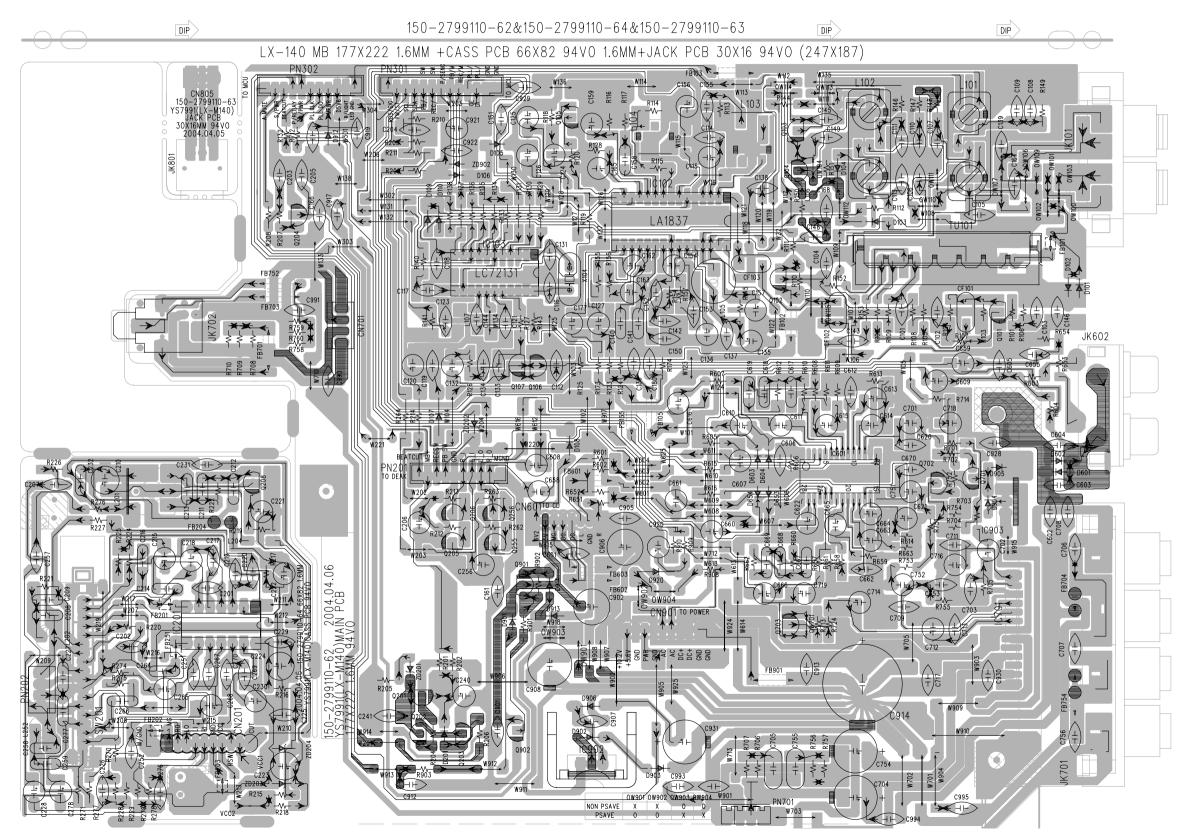


# ☐ PRINTED CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

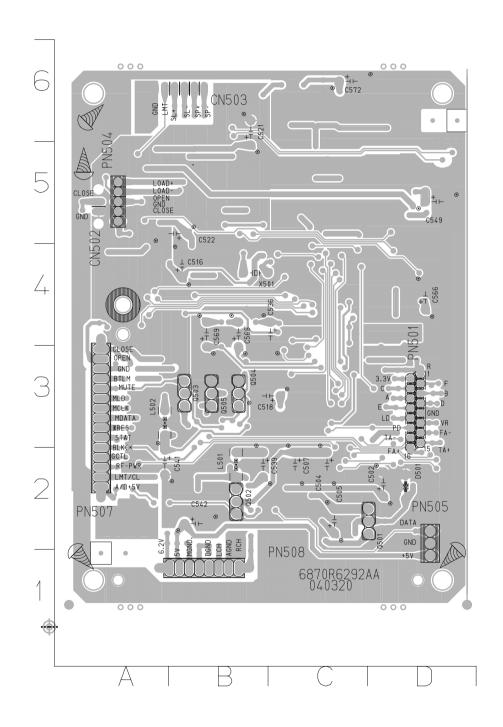
• FRONT P.C. BOARD



# • MAIN P.C. BOARD



# • CDP P.C. BOARD



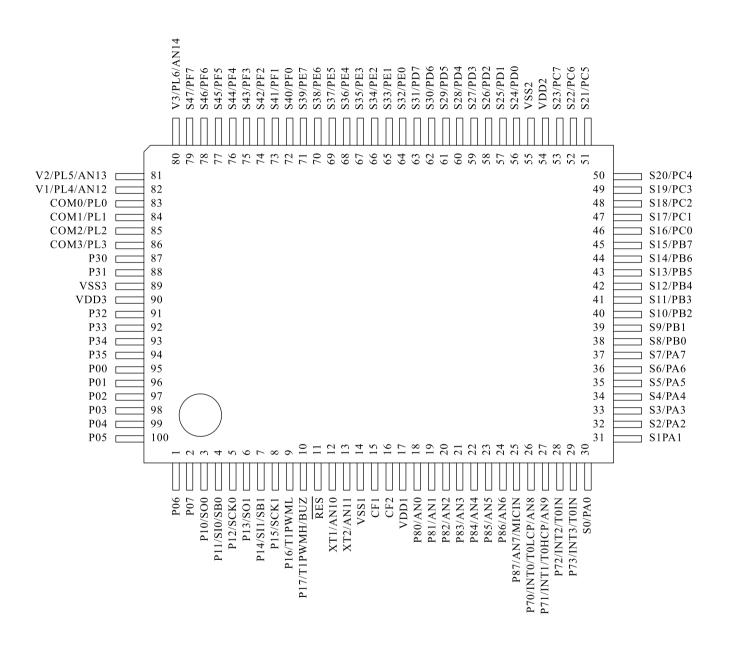
C502         D2         C5           C503         D3         C5           C504         C2         C5           C505         C2         C5           C506         C2         C5           C507         C2         C5           C508         C3         C5           C509         C3         C5           C511         D3         C5           C512         C3         C5           C513         C3         C5           C514         C3         C5           C515         C3         C5           C516         B4         C5           C517         D3         C5           C518         C3         C5           C519         D3         C5           C520         B5         C5           C521         B6         C5           C523         B5         C5           C524         B5         C5           C525         B6         C5           C527         A4         C5           C528         A4         C5           C531         C4         C5 <t< th=""></t<>
543 B3 544 B3 545 D4 546 A2 547 A4 548 D5 547 C4 555 C4 555 D5 556 D4 555 D4 555 D5 556 D4 556 D4 556 D5 567 D4 556 D5 568 D4 569 C6 568 B4 569 C6 572 C6 568 B4 572 C6 574 C6 577 C6 578 C4 581 C4 582 C4 583 C4 584 B4 585 C4 587 C4 587 C4 587 C6 578 C4 579 C6 570 C6 571 C6 572 C6 573 C6 574 C6 577 C6 578 C4 581 C4 582 C4 583 C4 584 B4 585 B4 586 B4 587 C4 588 B4 580 C4 580 C5 580 C4 580 C5 580 C4 580 C4 580 C5 580 C4 580 C5 580 C4 580 C5 580 C5
D502 IC501 IC502 IC503 IC503 IC504 IC505 L501 L512 L513 PN501 PN505 PN507 PN507 PN508 Q502 Q503 Q504 Q503 Q504 R506 R501 R512 R513 R511 R513 R514 R515 R516 R522 R523 R524
D2 C3 B5 C6 B2 B3 B3 C6 D2 A2 B1 D2 B3 B3 D2 C3 C3 D3
R525 R526 R526 R527 R528 R529 R530 R531 R532 R533 R534 R535 R536 R537 R538 R536 R541 R542 R543 R544 R545 R546 R547 R548 R551 R552 R553 R555 R555 R555 R555 R555 R556 R557 R558 R557 R566 R567
B5   B5   A5   A4   A5   A5   A4   A4   A5   A5
R568 R569 R571 R572 R573 R574 R575 R576 R580 R581 R582 R583 R584 R588 R588 R589 R590 R591 R592 TP1 TP20 TP21 TP21 TP22 TP25 TP29 TP3 TP35 TP503 TP504 TP503 TP504 TP505 TP507
D4
TP508 TP510 TP511 TP512 TP513 TP514 TP515 TP516 TP517 TP518 TP522 TP523 TP521 TP522 TP523 TP530 TP531 TP532 TP533 TP534 TP535 TP536 TP540 TP551 TP555 TP555 TP555 TP555 TP556 TP557 TP558 TP557 TP558 TP557 TP560 TP561 TP562 TP563 TP6 TP7 TP8 X501
D2 B3 D6 B6 A6 B5 D5 B6 A6

2-37 2-38

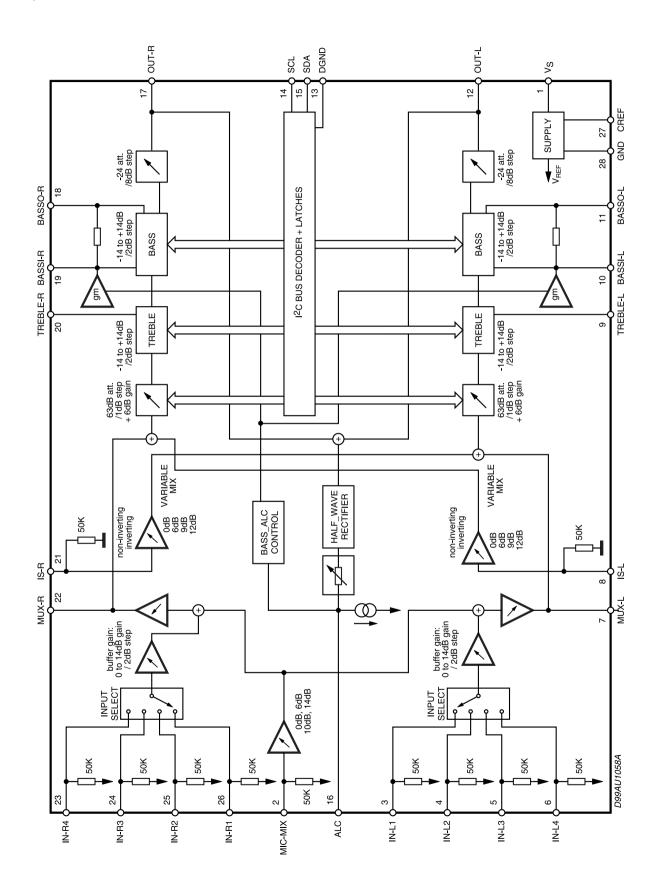
# ☐ INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM OF ICs

#### **■ IC300 LC87F73C8A**

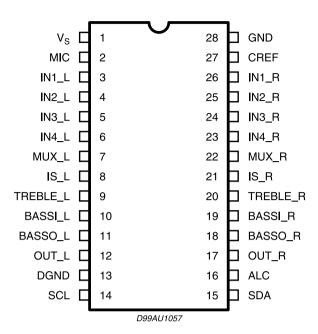
#### 1) Pin Assignment



## ■ IC601 TDA7468D 1) BLOCK DIAGRAM

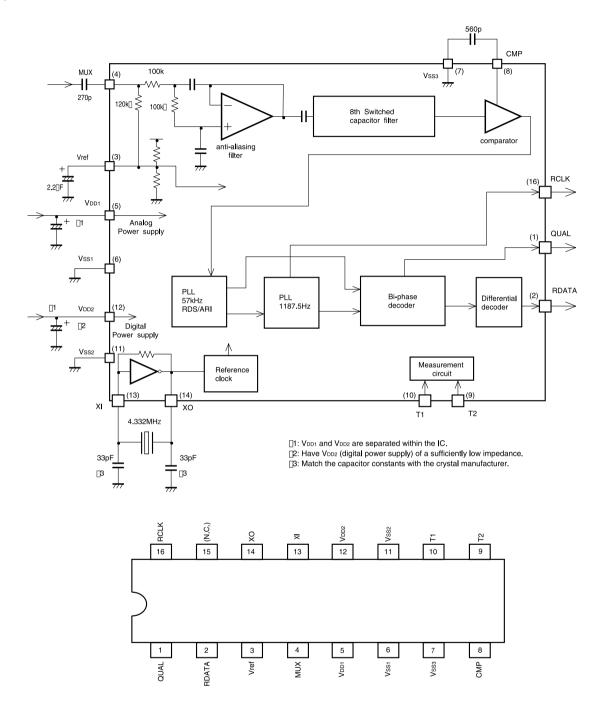


### 2) PIN CONNECTION



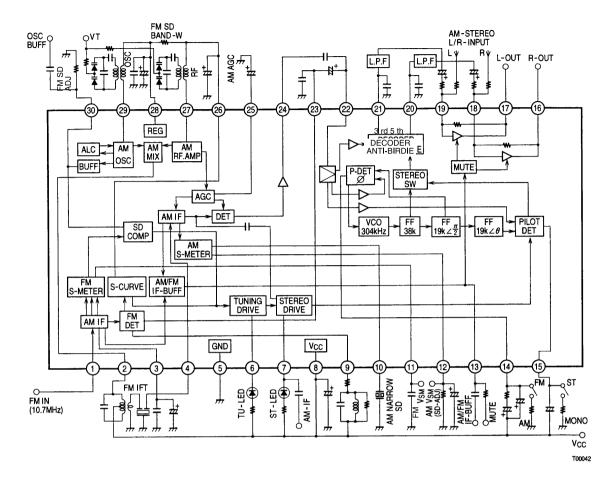
### ■ IC301 BU1923

### 1) BLOCK DIAGRAM

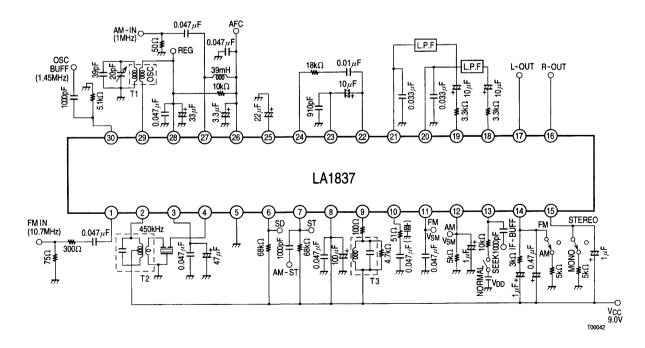


#### ■ IC102LA1837

### 1) BLOCK DIAGRAM

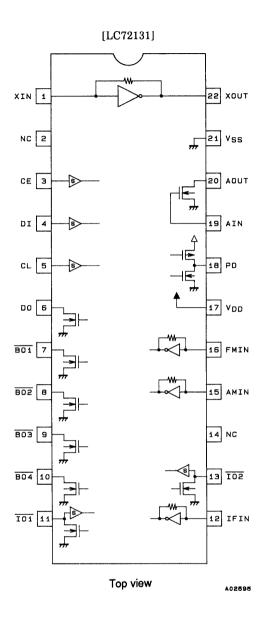


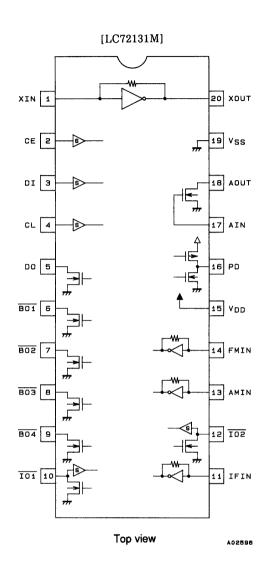
# 2) Test Circuit Diagram



## ■ IC103 LC72131D

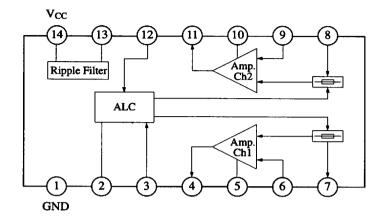
### 1) Pin Assignments





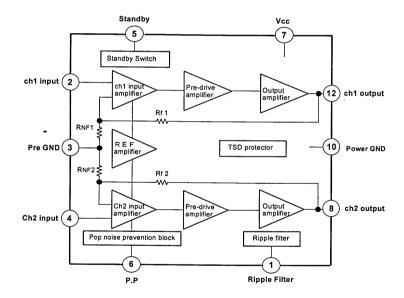
#### ■ IC201 AN7312

#### 1) BLOCK DIAGRAM



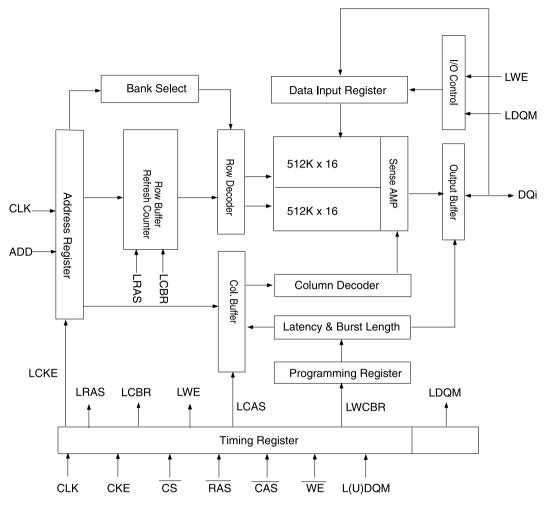
#### ■ IC701 LA4631

### 1) BLOCK DIAGRAM



#### ■ IC504 M12L16161A

## 1) Synchronous DRAM



#### • PIN Definitions

PIN	NAME	INPUT FUNCTION
CLK	System Clock	Active on the positive going edge to sample all inputs.
CS	Chip Select	Disables or enables device operation by masking or enabling all
		inputs except CLK, CKE and L(U)DQM.
CKE	Clock Enable	Masks system clock to freeze operation from the next clock cycle.
		CKE should be enabled at least one cycle prior to new command.
		Disable input buffers for power down in standby.
A0~A10/AP	Address	Row/column addresses are multiplexed on the same pins.
		Row address: RA0 ~ RA10, column address : CA0~CA7
BA	Bank Select Address	Selects bank to be activated during row address latch time.
		Selects bank for read/write durring column address latch time.
RAS	Row Address Strobe	Latches row addresses ont eh positive going edge of the CLK
		with RAS low.
CAS	Column Address Strobe	Latches column addresses on the positive going edge of the CLK
		with CAS low.
		Enables column access.
WE	Write Enable	Enalbes write operation and row precharge.
		Latches data in starting form CAS, WE active.
L(U)DQM	Data Input/Output Mask	Makes data output Hi-z, tSHZ after the clock and masks the out-
		put. Blocks data input when L(U) DQM active.

# **SECTION 3. EXPLODED VIEWS**

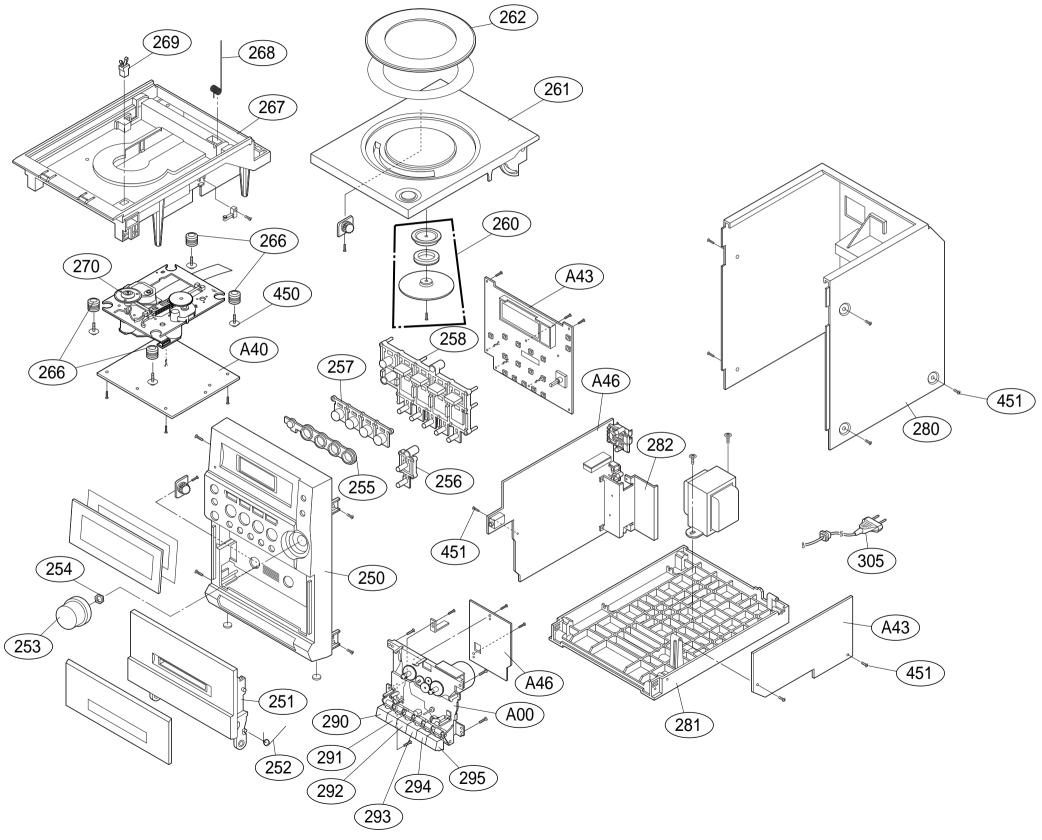
## • CABINET AND MAIN FRAME SECTION

NOTE) Refer to "SECTION 5 REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST" in order to look for the part number of each part.

### **Caution point**

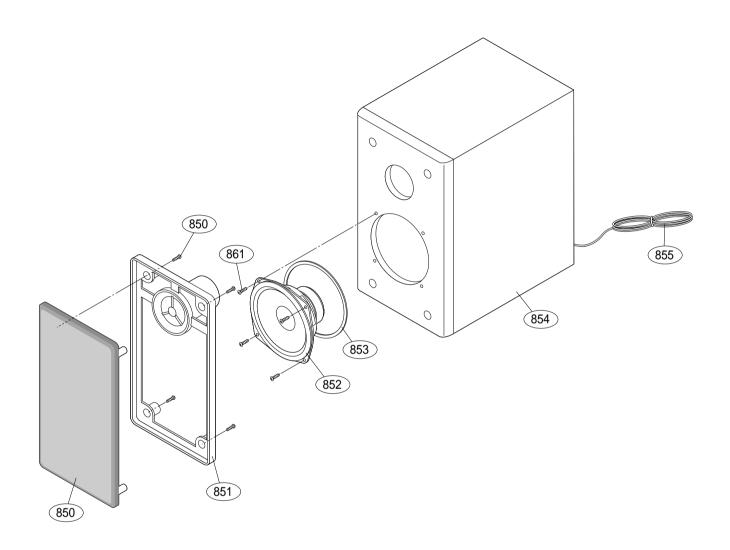
A43: Front + Power Array Assembly.

A46: Main + TP Deck + Tuner Array Assembly.



# **SECTION 4. SPEAKER SECTION**

☐ MODEL: LXS-M140



# **MEMO**